




# 70 Telling things to people

You can use both “say” and “tell” in reported speech. The meaning is the same, but using “tell” allows you to specify who someone was talking to.

-  **New language** Reported speech with “tell”
-  **Vocabulary** Collocations with “say” and “tell”
-  **New skill** Talking about truth and lies

## 70.1 KEY LANGUAGE “SAY” AND “TELL” IN REPORTED SPEECH

In reported speech, you can say who someone is talking to when you use “tell” as the main verb. “Tell” must be followed by an object.

I want to learn to drive.



He { **said** / **told me** } that he wanted to learn to drive.

With “say,” you do not need an object to show who someone is talking to.

In reported speech, you must put an object after “tell” to show who someone is talking to.



## 70.2 FURTHER EXAMPLES “SAY” AND “TELL” IN REPORTED SPEECH



She **said** that she could come to the party.



She **told me** that she had a very stressful job.



He **said** he would be late to the meeting.

You can leave out “that” in reported speech with “said.”



They **told us** they were buying a new house.

You can also leave out “that” in reported speech with “told.”



## 70.3 ⚠ COMMON MISTAKES “SAY” AND “TELL” IN REPORTED SPEECH

He **said** that he had a fast car. ✓

He **said me** that he had a fast car. ✗

“Said” cannot have an object.

He **told me** that he had a fast car. ✓

He **told** that he had a fast car. ✗

“Told” must have an object.





## 70.4 FILL IN THE GAPS BY ADDING "SAID" OR "TOLD"



She said she enjoyed meeting people.



4 She \_\_\_\_\_ she wanted some ice cream.



1 They \_\_\_\_\_ us they had a new car.



5 We \_\_\_\_\_ her the train was delayed.



2 He \_\_\_\_\_ me he had gotten married.



6 You \_\_\_\_\_ you would cook tonight.



3 You \_\_\_\_\_ he was at a birthday party.

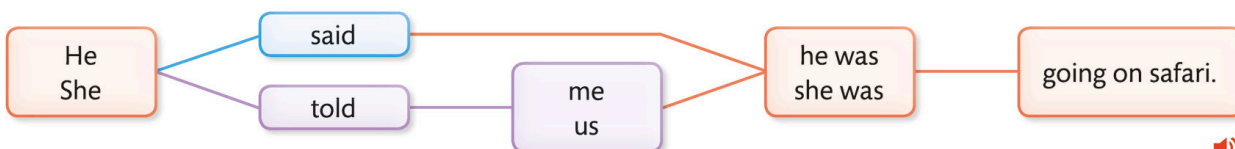
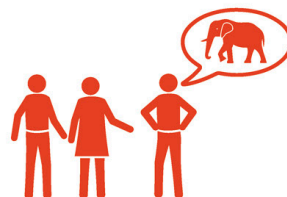


7 I \_\_\_\_\_ him I had to work late.



## 70.5 USE THE CHART TO CREATE 12 CORRECT SENTENCES AND SAY THEM OUT LOUD

*He said he was going on safari.*



## 70.6 LISTEN TO THE AUDIO AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS



Grace has been on a date.  
She tells her friend Robyn about it.

Grace believed that her date was 30.

True ☐ False ☒ Not given ☐

1 Grace's date told her he hated gardening.

True ☐ False ☐ Not given ☐

2 Grace wanted to have dinner with her date.

True ☐ False ☐ Not given ☐

3 Grace's date said he had a fast car.

True ☐ False ☐ Not given ☐

4 Robyn said Grace's date was telling the truth.

True ☐ False ☐ Not given ☐

5 Grace told Carla her date was too young.

True ☐ False ☐ Not given ☐

## 70.7 KEY LANGUAGE TIME AND PLACE REFERENCES

If you report speech some time after it was said, you might need to use different words to talk about times and places.

The time reference is "yesterday" in direct speech.

I went to work **yesterday**.

She said she'd been to work **the day before**.

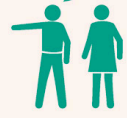
The time reference is "the day before" in reported speech.



APRIL  
25



APRIL  
26



APRIL  
27



Aa

## 70.8 MATCH THE SENTENCES IN DIRECT SPEECH WITH THEIR EQUIVALENTS IN REPORTED SPEECH

I'll call you tomorrow.

She said she'd seen me the week before.

The weather is nice here.

You told her you were starting a new job that day.

We'll have a party this weekend.

She told me the weather was nice there.

I saw you last week.

He said he'd call me the following day.

I'm starting a new job today.

They said they'd have a party that weekend.



## 70.9 REWRITE THE SENTENCES USING REPORTED SPEECH

I'll finish the report tomorrow.

=

He said he'd finish the report the following day.

1 I bought a new car yesterday.

=

She told me \_\_\_\_\_

2 Regina is leaving the company today.

=

They said \_\_\_\_\_

3 There are lots of restaurants here.

=

She said \_\_\_\_\_

4 I'm going to a party this weekend.

=

He told us \_\_\_\_\_

5 We sold our apartment last week.

=

They told me \_\_\_\_\_





## 70.10 READ THE ARTICLE AND MARK THE CORRECT SUMMARY

### YOUR RELATIONSHIPS

## When is it OK to tell lies?

We know it's wrong to tell lies, but sometimes we don't tell the truth for good reasons. Given the choice of saying something nice but untrue, saying nothing, or telling someone a truth that's hurtful, what do you do?

To avoid conflict, people often say yes when they should say no, or just say anything that comes into their heads as long as it keeps them out of trouble. We also often believe that people are being honest, just because they say so.

We gave 50 people a questionnaire to complete. Of the people we asked, 10 percent said they lie about their age and think people can't tell the difference. Eighty percent think it's OK to tell a "white lie" to avoid hurting someone. As many as 58 percent think it's OK to tell a "story" to hide something they did wrong. Ten percent said they didn't tell lies at all. Do you believe them?

- ① We all know it's fine to tell lies, because we often have to. In a tricky situation, the only choices we have are not to say anything at all or say something nice but untrue. ☐
- ② Although we know it's wrong to lie, 80 percent of the people interviewed said it's OK to lie in order to be kind to someone. More than 50 percent said it was OK to lie about something they'd done wrong. ☐
- ③ These days, very few people say yes when they mean no. What's more, over 85 percent of people believe that everyone knows when we are lying about our age. ☐
- ④ Most people believe that we should always be honest, and not tell lies at all. ☐

Aa

## 70.11 WRITE THE WORDS FROM THE PANEL IN THE CORRECT GROUPS

### COLLOCATIONS WITH "SAY"

*something*

### COLLOCATIONS WITH "TELL"

*the truth*

lies      anything      yes      ~~something~~      a story      the difference  
 someone      nothing      a "white lie"      no      ~~the truth~~      so



### 70 CHECKLIST



Reported speech with "tell" ☐

Aa Collocations with "say" and "tell" ☐



Talking about truth and lies ☐